Aeronautical Study No. 2023-ACE-1792-OE



Mail Processing Center Federal Aviation Administration Southwest Regional Office Obstruction Evaluation Group 10101 Hillwood Parkway Fort Worth, TX 76177

Issued Date: 09/19/2023

Andrew Donchez Somera Road Inc. 1300 Martin Street Nashville, TN 37203

**** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION ****

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

UILDING

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure would have no substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient utilization of the navigable airspace by aircraft or on the operation of air navigation facilities. Therefore, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, it is hereby determined that the structure would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s) is(are) met:

As a condition to this Determination, the structure is to be marked/lighted in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M, Obstruction Marking and Lighting, red lights-Chapters 4,5(Red),&15.

Any failure or malfunction that lasts more than thirty (30) minutes and affects a top light or flashing obstruction light, regardless of its position, should be reported immediately to (877) 487-6867 so a Notice to Air Missions (NOTAM) can be issued. As soon as the normal operation is restored, notify the same number.

See attachment for additional condition(s) or information.

The structure considered under this study lies in proximity to an airport and occupants may be subjected to noise from aircraft operating to and from the airport.

This determination is subject to review if an interested party files a petition that is received by the FAA on or before October 19, 2023. In the event an interested party files a petition for review, it must contain a full statement of the basis upon which the petition is made. Petitions can be submitted to the Manager of the Rules and Regulations Group via e-mail at OEPetitions@faa.gov, via mail to Federal Aviation Administration, Air

Traffic Organization, Rules and Regulations Group, Room 425, 800 Independence Ave, SW, Washington, DC 20591, or via facsimile (202) 267-9328. FAA encourages the use of email to ensure timely processing.

This determination becomes final on October 29, 2023 unless a petition is timely filed. In which case, this determination will not become final pending disposition of the petition. Interested parties will be notified of the grant of any review. For any questions regarding your petition, please contact Rules and Regulations Group via telephone - 202-267-8783.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

This aeronautical study considered and analyzed the impact on existing and proposed arrival, departure, and en route procedures for aircraft operating under both visual flight rules and instrument flight rules; the impact on all existing and planned public-use airports, military airports and aeronautical facilities; and the cumulative impact resulting from the studied structure when combined with the impact of other existing or proposed structures. The study disclosed that the described structure would have no substantial adverse effect on air navigation.

An account of the study findings, aeronautical objections received by the FAA during the study (if any), and the basis for the FAA's decision in this matter can be found on the following page(s).

This aeronautical study included evaluation of a structure that exists at this time. Action will be taken to ensure aeronautical charts are updated to reflect the most current coordinates, elevation and height as indicated in the case description.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact Luke Wray, at (817) 222-4559, or luke.w.wray@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2023-ACE-1792-OE.

Signature Control No: 577769851-599679138

Mike Helvey Manager, Obstruction Evaluation Group

Attachment(s) Additional Information Map(s)

ACE, Central Region ADS-B, Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast AEA, Eastern Region AGL, Above Ground Level ALP, Airport Layout Plan AMDT, Amendment AMSL, Above Mean Sea Level ANE, New England Region ANM, Northwest Mountain Region ARP, Airport Reference Point ASN, Aeronautical Study Number ASO, Southern Region ASR, Airport Surveillance Radar ATC, Air Traffic Control ATCRB, Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon ATO, Air Traffic Organization AWOS, Automated Weather Observing System **BUEC**, Backup Emergency Communication CAT, Category of aircraft CFR, Code of Federal Regulations CG, Climb Gradient CW, Clockwise DA, Decision Altitude dB, Decibel dBm, Decibel-Milliwatts DER, Departure End of Runway DME, Distance Measuring Equipment DNE, Do Not Exceed DoD, Department of Defense FAA, Federal Aviation Administration FAR, Federal Aviation Regulation FCC, Federal Communications Commission FT, Feet GPS, Global Positioning System IAW, In Accordance With ICA, Instrument Climb Area IFP, Instrument Flight Procedures IFR, Instrument Flight Rules ILS, Instrument Landing System LNAV, Lateral Navigation LOC, Localizer LP, Localizer Performance without Vertical Guidance LPV, Localizer performance with Vertical guidance LSCS, Light Signal Clearance Surface MALSR, Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights MDA, Minimum Descent Altitude MVA, Minimum Vectoring Altitude

N/A, Not Applicable NA, Not Available NAS, National Airspace System NAVAID, Navigational Aid NDB, Non-directional Beacon NEH, No Effect Height NOTAM, Notice to Air Mission NM, Nautical Miles OAS, Obstacle Authoritative Source **OE**, Obstruction Evaluation OEG, Obstruction Evaluation Group ORIG, Original PAPI, Precision Approach Path Indicator RADAR, Radio Detection and Ranging **REIL**, Runway End Identifier Lights **RFI**, Radio Frequency Interference RNAV, Area Navigation **RNP**, Required Navigation Performance ROW, Right Of Way **RPZ**, Runway Protection Zone RSS, Radar Support System RVR, Runway Visual Range RWY, Runway SDF, Step Down Fix SE, Site Elevation SIAP, Standard Instrument Approach Procedure SM, Statute Mile SSC, System Support Center STD, Standard TACAN, Tactical Air Navigation System **TERPS**, Terminal Enroute Procedures TPA, Traffic Pattern Airspace TRACON, Terminal Radar Approach Control Facility UHF, Ultra High Frequency VASI, Visual Approach Slope Indicator VFR, Visual Flight Rules VNAV, Vertical Navigation VHF, Very High Frequency VOR, VHF Omni-directional Radio



